

I. PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION			• 6• 4 •		
Chemical Trade Name (as used on label):	Chemical Family/Classification:				
Includes: Smarthog, Renegade, Smartpak, and		Electric Storage Batter	ry		
Power Pak Valve Regulated Lead Acid Batteries					
(Non-Waterable, Low Maintenance)					
Manufacturer's Name/Address		<b>Telephone</b>			
EnerSys		For information and en	mergencies, conta	ct EnerSys'	
P.O. Box 14145		Environmental, Health	n & Safety Dept. a	tt (610) 208-1996	
2366 Bernville Road		24-Hour Emergency	<b>Response Conta</b>	ct:	
Reading, PA 19612-4145		CHEMTREC DOMES	STIC: 800-424-93	300	
		CHEMTREC INTERN	NATIONAL: 703	-527-3877	
II. HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS/IDENTIFY INFORMA	TION				
	Air Exposure Limits (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )				
Components	CAS Number	Approximate % by Wt. Or Vol.	OSHA	ACGIH	NIOSH
Inorganic Lead Compound:					
Lead	7439-92-1	60	50	150	100
* Antimony	7440-36-0	2	500	500	
* Arsenic	7440-38-2	0.2	10	200	
* Calcium	7440-70-2	0.2			
* Tin	7440-31-5	0.2	2000	2000	
Electrolyte (Sulfuric Acid):	7664-93-9	10-30	1000	1000	1000
Case Material:		5-10	N/A	N/A	N/A
Polypropylene	9003-07-0				
Acrylonitrile Butadiene Styrene	9003-56-9				
Polyvinylchloride	9002-86-2				
Hard Rubber	9006-04-6				
Polyethylene	9002-88-4				
Other:	2002 00 1				
Silicon Dioxide (Gel batteries only)	7631-86-9	20-40	N/A	N/A	N/A
Inorganic lead and electrolyte (sulfuric acid) are the primary co					
Other ingredients may be present dependent upon battery type.				l.	
III. PHYSICAL DATA					
Electrolyte:					
Boiling Point:	203 - 240° F	Specific Gravity (H2	<b>O</b> = 1):	1.215 to 1.350	
Melting Point:	N/A	Vapor Pressure (mm	Hg):	10	
Solubility in Water:	100%	Vapor Density (AIR		Greater than 1	
Evaporation Rate: (Butyl Acetate = 1)	Less than 1	% Volatile by Weigh		N/A	
Appearance and Odor:		e; no apparent odor. Ele		liquid with a	
	sharp, penetrating, p			*	
IV. FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA	,,, _,				
Flash Point: N/A	Flammable Limits	: LEL = 4.1% (Hydroge	en Gas)	UEL = 74.2%	
Extinguishing Media: CO2; foam; dry chemical	•				
Special Fire Fighting Procedures:					
If batteries are on charge, shut off power. Us	se positive pressure, se	elf-contained breathing a	apparatus. Water	applied to electrolyte gene	rates
heat and causes it to spatter. Wear acid-resis		U	**		
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:	<u> </u>				
Highly flammable hydrogen gas is generated	during charging and o	operation of batteries. T	o avoid risk of fir	e or explosion, keep sparks	s or other
sources of ignition away from batteries. Do					
batteries. Follow manufacturer's instructions			č	-	
V. REACTIVITY DATA					
Stability: Stable					
Conditions To Avoid: Prolonged overcharge; sources of ignit	on				
Incompatibility: (Materials to avoid)					
Sulfuric Acid: Contact with combustibles an	d organic materials m	ay cause fire and explos	sion. Also reacts v	violently with strong reduct	ing agents,
metals, sulfur trioxide gas, strong oxidizers a					
hydrogen gas.					
Lead Compounds: Avoid contact with strong	g acids, bases, halides.	, halogenates, potassium	nitrate, permanga	anate, peroxides, nascent h	ydrogen
and reducing agents.	,	U ., I		· 1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	



## MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

	ECO #: 1001294
V. REACTIVIT	Y DATA (Cont.)
Hazardous Deco	mposition Products:
	Sulfuric Acid: Sulfur trioxide, carbon monoxide, sulfuric acid mist, sulfur dioxide, and hydrogen.
	Lead Compounds: High temperatures likely to produce toxic metal fumes, vapor, or dust; contact with strong acid or base or presence of nascent
	hydrogen may generate highly toxic arsine gas.
VI. HEALTH H	
Routes of Entry:	
	Sulfuric Acid: Harmful by all routes of entry.
	Lead Compounds: Hazardous exposure can occur only when product is heated, oxidized or otherwise processed or damaged to create dust, vapor
	or fume.
Inhalation:	
	Sulfuric Acid: Breathing of sulfuric acid vapors or mists may cause severe respiratory irritation.
	<u>Lead Compounds:</u> Inhalation of lead dust or fumes may cause irritation of upper respiratory tract and lungs.
Ingestion:	<u>Dead compounds</u> , initiation of found date of futures inky cause initiation of upper respiratory fract and fails.
ingestion.	Sulfuring Aside May cause security initiation of months thread according and atomsch
	Sulfuric Acid: May cause severe irritation of mouth, throat, esophagus and stomach.
	Lead Compounds: Acute ingestion may cause abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea and severe cramping. This may lead rapidly to systemic
	toxicity and must be treated by a physician.
Skin Contact:	
	Sulfuric Acid: Severe irritation, burns and ulceration.
	Lead Compounds: Not absorbed through the skin.
Eye Contact:	
	Sulfuric Acid: Severe irritation, burns, cornea damage, and blindness.
	Lead Components: May cause eye irritation.
Efforts -f O	
Effects of Overe	
	Sulfuric Acid: Severe skin irritation, damage to cornea, upper respiratory irritation.
	Lead Compounds: Symptoms of toxicity include headache, fatigue, abdominal pain, loss of appetite, muscular aches and weakness, sleep
	disturbances and irritability.
Effects of Overe	xposure - Chronic:
	Sulfuric Acid: Possible erosion of tooth enamel, inflammation of nose, throat and bronchial tubes.
	Lead Compounds: Anemia; neuropathy, particularly of the motor nerves, with wrist drop; kidney damage; reproductive changes in males and
	females.
Carcinogenicity	
Car emogementy.	- Sulfuric Acid: The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has classified "strong inorganic acid mist containing sulfuric acid" as a
	Category I carcinogen, a substance that is carcinogenic to humans. This classification does not apply to liquid forms of sulfuric acid or sulfuric
	acid solutions contained within a battery. Inorganic acid mist (sulfuric acid mist) is not generated under normal use of this product. Misuse of the
	product, such as overcharging, may result in the generation of sulfuric acid mist.
	Lead Compounds: Lead is listed as a 2B carcinogen, likely in animals at extreme doses. Proof of carcinogenicity in humans is lacking at present.
	Arsenic: Listed by National Toxicology Program (NTP), International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), OSHA and NIOSH as a
	carcinogen only after prolonged exposure at high levels.
Medical Conditi	ons Generally Aggravated by Exposure:
	Overexposure to sulfuric acid mist may cause lung damage and aggravate pulmonary conditions. Contact of sulfuric acid with skin may aggravate
	diseases such as eczema and contact dermatitis. Lead and its compounds can aggravate some forms of kidney, liver and neurologic diseases.
	EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES:
Inhalation:	
	Sulfuric Acid: Remove to fresh air immediately. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.
	Lead: Remove from exposure, gargle, wash nose and lips; consult physician.
Ingestion:	
ingeouvil.	Sulfuric Acid: Give large quantities of water; do not induce vomiting; consult physician.
	Lead: Consult physician immediately.
<u>Skin:</u>	
	Sulfuric Acid: Flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes; remove contaminated clothing completely, including shoes.
	Lead: Wash immediately with soap and water.
Eyes:	
<u> </u>	Sulfuric Acid and Lead: Flush immediately with large amounts of water for a least 15 minutes; consult physician.
Proposition 65:	
1 1000311011 03:	Warning: Pattern pasts terminals and related appropriate contain land and land approximate sharning la branch to the State of California to some
	Warning: Battery posts, terminals and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds, chemicals known to the State of California to cause
	cancer and reproductive harm. Batteries also contain other chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer. Wash hands after handling.



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VII. PRECAUT	IONS FOR SAFE HANDLING AND USE	
Spill or Leak Pro	cedures:	
_	Stop flow of material, contain/absorb small spills with dry sand, earth or vermiculite. In neutralize spilled electrolyte with soda ash, sodium bicarbonate, lime, etc. Wear acid-re allow discharge of unneutralized acid to sewer.	
Waste Disposal N		
Handling and St	Store batteries in cool, dry, well-ventilated areas with impervious surfaces and adequate also be stored under roof for protection against adverse weather conditions. Separate fi in areas with adequate water supply and spill control. Avoid damage to containers. Kee	rom incompatible materials. Store and handle only
	Precautionary Labeling: POISON - CAUSES SEVERE BURNS	DANGER - CONTAINS SULFURIC ACID
VIII. CONTRO		DANGER - CONTAINS SUEL UNIC ACID
Engineering Con		
	Store and handle in well-ventilated area. If mechanical ventilation is used, components	s must be acid-resistant.
Work Practices:	Handle batteries cautiously to avoid spills. Make certain vent caps are on securely. Av clothing when filling or handling batteries.	
Respiratory Prot		known to exceed the PEL, use NIOSH or MSHA-approved
Protective Glove		
	Rubber or plastic acid-resistant gloves with elbow-length gauntlet.	
Eye Protection:	Chemical goggles or face shield.	
Other Protection		
	Acid-resistant apron. Under severe exposure emergency conditions, wear acid-resistant	t clothing and boots.
Emergency Flush		
	In areas where sulfuric acid is handled in concentrations greater then 1%, emergency e with unlimited water supply.	yewash stations and showers should be provided,
IX OTHER RE	GULATORY INFORMATION	
	ating for Sulfuric Acid:	
	Flammability (Red) = 0 Health (Blue) = 3 Reactivity (Yellow) = 2	
	Sulfuric acid is water-reactive if concentrated.	
U.S. DOT:		
<u>0.0, 001.</u>	The shipping information is as follows: Proper Shipping Name: Batteries, wet, filled with acid Hazardous Class: 8 UN Identification: UN2794	Packing Group: III Label/Placard Required: Corrosive
	Reference 49 CFR packing instructions: 173.159	
	<u>The shipping information is as follows:</u> Proper Shipping Name: Batteries, wet, filled with acid Hazardous Class: 8 UN Identification: UN2794	Packing Group: II Label/Placard Required: Corrosive
	Reference IATA packing instructions: 870	
IMDG:		
	The shipping information is as follows:   Proper Shipping Name: Batteries, wet, filled with acid   Hazardous Class: 8   UN Identification: UN2794	Packing Group: Label/Placard Required: Corrosive
	Reference IMDG code packing instructions: P801	



IX. OTHER REGULATORY INFORMATION (Continued)

	t lead-acid batteries are not regulated	as hazardous waste by the	EPA when recycled, however state and internation	al regulations may vary
RCLA (Superfund		as nazardous waste by the	Er A when recycled, however state and internation	in regulations may vary
	Reportable Quantity (RQ) for spilled to Know Act) is <u>1,000 lbs</u> . State an		CERCLA (Superfund) and EPCRA (Emergency Plar es for spilled sulfuric acid may vary.	ning Community
(b) \$	Sulfuric acid is a listed "Extremely Ha	azardous Substance" under	EPCRA, with a Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ	) of <u>1,000 lbs</u> .
	EPCRA Section 302 notification is re vary by battery type. Contact your Er		e of sulfuric acid is present at one site. The quantity ditional information.	of sulfuric acid
	EPCRA Section 312 Tier 2 reporting ent in quantities of 10,000 lbs. or mor		sulfuric acid is present in quantities of 500 lbs. or me	ore and/or if lead is
Rele		If you are a manufacturin	hich may be reportable under EPCRA Section 313 T ag facility under SIC codes 20 through 39, the follow	
	Toxic Chemical	CAS Number	Approximate % by Wt.	
	Lead	7439-92-1	60	
	Sulfuric Acid	7664-93-9	10 - 30	
	* Antimony	7440-36-0	2	
	* Arsenic	7440-38-2	0.2	
of ea	ch calendar year.		) through 39, this information must be provided with batteries, which are "consumer products".	the first shipment
	ot present in all battery types. Contac	11.2	· •	
CA:				
Ingre	edients in EnerSys' batteries are listed			
	Components	CAS Number	TSCA Status	
Flec	trolyte:			
Elec	trolyte: Sulfuric Acid (H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> )	7664-93-9	Listed	
	Sulfuric Acid (H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> )	7664-93-9	Listed	
	· ·	7664-93-9 7439-92-1	Listed	
	Sulfuric Acid (H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> ) ganic Lead Compound:			
	Sulfuric Acid (H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> ) <u>ganic Lead Compound:</u> Lead (Pb)	7439-92-1	Listed	
	Sulfuric Acid (H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> ) <u>ganic Lead Compound:</u> Lead (Pb) Lead Oxide (PbO) Lead Sulfate (PbSO <sub>4</sub> ) Antimony Sb)	7439-92-1 1317-36-8 7446-14-2 7440-36-0	Listed Listed Listed Listed	
	Sulfuric Acid (H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> ) <u>ganic Lead Compound:</u> Lead (Pb) Lead Oxide (PbO) Lead Sulfate (PbSO <sub>4</sub> ) Antimony Sb) Arsenic (As)	7439-92-1 1317-36-8 7446-14-2 7440-36-0 7440-38-2	Listed Listed Listed Listed Listed	
	Sulfuric Acid (H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> ) <u>ganic Lead Compound:</u> Lead (Pb) Lead Oxide (PbO) Lead Sulfate (PbSO <sub>4</sub> ) Antimony Sb)	7439-92-1 1317-36-8 7446-14-2 7440-36-0	Listed Listed Listed Listed	